

at of action

August 11, 1961

## MEMORANDUM FOR MR. McGEORGE BUILDY

## SUBJECT: Acheson Memorandum

- 1. I would like to explain what I had in mind when I suggested that more options be phosed before the Fresident. I agree that the President cannot possibly be saked to consider the pros and cons of every single negotiating position. He might, however, wish to consider the various over-all options and then choose among them. For example, I would consider the Ackson paper a modified version of the stitus quo. This is not undesirable, it may indeed be the best solution. It might halp the President, however, if the assumptions were made more explicit and if alternative strategies were presented. For example, it is conceivable to analyze the pros and cons of the option represented roughly by the views of Carl Raysen or Abs Chayes. Similarly, it might be useful to explore the pros and cons of a more offensive approach. Once the Fresident has selected a general course, it chould not be too hard to frame proposals consistent with it.
- One way of arriving at this choice might be to consider emplicitly just what we are after in Central Europe. What would we envisage Europe to be like in say 1965 on the comment of various courses of action?
- 3. In analyzing the various possibilities, it may be useful to consider the consequences not only of the success of a given course of action but also the impact of making a given proposal, whether or not it is accepted.
- If the Acheson paper becomes the basic policy, a more detailed study of its various features becomes important. Rems which require more careful consideration in addition to those discussed yesterday include:

European security schemes.

The details of the arrangements on Berlin (Some of the phraseology at the bottom of page referring to discouraging excessive movements of people seems to me dangerous, and some other clauses are vague.)

US ARCHOUST (NLK-78-657)
By MAM NARS, Date 1 21 81





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The nature and purpose of the Mixed German Committee. (I sm doing a paper on that.) The nature of the NATO command structure. The military consequences of a failure of negotiations. (I remain extremely messy about that.)

Henry Kissinger

